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Union Members in New York and New Jersey — 2020

In 2020, union members accounted for 22.0 percent of wage and salary workers in New York and 16.1 percent in New Jersey, compared with 21.0 and 15.7 percent, respectively, in 2019, the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics reported today. Chief Regional Economist Martin Kohli noted that New York had the second-highest union membership rate in the nation. (See chart 1 and table A.)

Nationwide, union members accounted for 10.8 percent of employed wage and salary workers in 2020, up by 0.5 percentage point from 2019. Since 1989, when comparable state data became available, union membership rates in New York and in New Jersey have been above the U.S. average.

2010-2020 New York New Jersey United States 30% 25% 20% 15% 10% 5% 0% 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020

Chart 1. Members of unions as a percent of employed in the United States, New York, and New Jersey,

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

New York had 1,661,000 union members in 2020, and New Jersey had 600,000 union members. In addition to these members, another 123,000 wage and salary workers in New York and 60,000 in New Jersey were represented by a union on their main job or covered by an employee association or contract while not union members themselves.

Nationwide, 14.3 million wage and salary workers were union members in 2020, and 1.7 million wage and salary workers were not affiliated with a union but had jobs covered by a union contract. The number of wage and salary workers belonging to unions (14.3 million) was down by 321,000, or 2.2 percent, from 2019. However, the decline in total wage and salary employment was 9.6 million (mostly among nonunion workers), or 6.7 percent. The disproportionately large decline in total wage and salary employment compared with the decline in the number of union members led to an increase in the union membership rate.

Table A. Union affiliation of employed wage and salary workers in New York and New Jersey, annual averages, 2010–2020 (numbers in thousands)

		Members o	of unions (1)	Represented by unions (2)		
State and year	Total employed	Total	Percent of employed	Total	Percent of employed	
New York						
2010	8,078	1,959	24.2	2,099	26.0	
2011	7,920	1,906	24.1	2,068	26.1	
2012	7,936	1,841	23.2	1,975	24.9	
2013	8,149	1,986	24.4	2,104	25.8	
2014	8,060	1,980	24.6	2,081	25.8	
2015	8,249	2,038	24.7	2,141	26.0	
2016	8,227	1,942	23.6	2,075	25.2	
2017	8,472	2,017	23.8	2,148	25.3	
2018	8,404	1,872	22.3	2,027	24.1	
2019	8,253	1,732	21.0	1,877	22.7	
2020	7,552	1,661	22.0	1,784	23.6	
New Jersey						
2010	3,734	637	17.1	660	17.7	
2011	3,816	615	16.1	641	16.8	
2012	3,796	611	16.1	636	16.8	
2013	3,814	611	16.0	632	16.6	
2014	3,860	635	16.5	664	17.2	
2015	3,880	596	15.4	644	16.6	
2016	4,007	644	16.1	666	16.6	
2017	3,898	630	16.2	665	17.1	
2018	3,935	587	14.9	639	16.2	
2019	4,094	642	15.7	712	17.4	
2020	3,719	600	16.1	660	17.8	

Footnotes:

Note: Data refer to the sole or principal job of full- and part-time wage and salary workers. All self-employed workers are excluded, both those with incorporated businesses as well as those with unincorporated businesses. Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

In 2020, 30 states and the District of Columbia had union membership rates below that of the U.S. average, 10.8 percent, while 20 states had rates above it. (See table 1.) Nine states had union membership rates below 5.0 percent in 2020. South Carolina had the lowest rate (2.9 percent). The next lowest rates were in North Carolina and Utah (3.1 percent and 3.7 percent, respectively). Two states had union membership rates over 20.0 percent in 2020: Hawaii (23.7 percent) and New York (22.0 percent). (Seechart 2.)

⁽¹⁾ Data refer to members of a labor union or an employee association similar to a union.

⁽²⁾ Data refer to both union members and workers who report no union affiliation but whose jobs are covered by a union or an employee association contract.

Coronavirus (COVID-19) Pandemic Impact on 2020 Union Members Data

Data on union members for 2020 reflect the impact on the labor market of the coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic and efforts to contain it. Comparisons with union membership measures for earlier years, including metrics such as the union membership rate should be interpreted with caution. The overall union membership rate and the rates by many demographic and employment characteristics increased despite declines in the number of union members. These increases reflect the disproportionately large decline in total wage and salary employment (mostly among nonunion workers) compared with the decline in the number of union members. More information on labor market developments in recent months is available at www.bls.gov/covid19/effects-of-covid-19-pandemic-and-response-on-the-employment-situation-news-release.htm.

Technical Note

The estimates in this release are obtained from the Current Population Survey (CPS), which provides basic information on the labor force, employment, and unemployment. The survey is conducted monthly for the Bureau of Labor Statistics by the U.S. Census Bureau from a scientifically selected national sample of about 60,000 eligible households. The union membership data are tabulated from one-quarter of the CPS monthly sample and are limited to wage and salary workers. All self-employed workers are excluded.

Beginning in January of each year, data reflect revised population controls used in the CPS. Additional information about population controls is available on the BLS website at https://www.bls.gov/cps/documentation.htm.

Information about the reliability of data from the CPS and guidance on estimating standard errors is available at https://www.bls.gov/cps/documentation.htm#reliability.

Definitions

The principal definitions used in this release are described briefly below.

Union members. Data refer to members of a labor union or an employee association similar to a union.

Union membership rate. Data refer to the proportion of total wage and salary workers who are union members.

Represented by unions. Data refer to both union members and workers who report no union affiliation but whose jobs are covered by a union or an employee association contract.

Wage and salary workers. Workers who receive wages, salaries, commissions, tips, payment in kind, or piece rates. The group includes employees in both the private and public sectors. Union membership and earnings data exclude all self-employed workers, both those with incorporated businesses as well as those with unincorporated businesses.

Information in this release will be made available to sensory impaired individuals upon request. Voice phone: 202-691-5200, Federal Relay Service: 800-877-8339.

Table 1. Union affiliation of employed wage and salary workers by state, 2019-2020 annual averages (numbers in thousands)

		2019				2020					
State	Total		Members of unions(1)		Represented by unions(2)			Members of unions(1)		Represented by unions(2)	
	Total employed	Total	Percent of employed	Total	Percent of employed	Total employed	Total	Percent of employed	Total	Percent of employed	
Alabama	2,041	173	8.5	199	9.8	1,896	151	8.0	164	8.7	
Alaska	282	48	17.1	53	18.7	280	49	17.7	55	19.5	
Arizona	3,028	174	5.7	214	7.1	2,909	155	5.3	207	7.1	
Arkansas	1,200	62	5.2	71	5.9	1,158	55	4.7	69	5.9	
California	16,485	2,504	15.2	2,726	16.5	15,069	2,441	16.2	2,655	17.6	
Colorado	2,631	237	9.0	259	9.8	2,470	182	7.4	202	8.2	
Connecticut	1,680	244	14.5	269	16.0	1,533	262	17.1	282	18.4	
Delaware	432	38	8.7	43	9.9	424	41	9.7	44	10.3	
District of Columbia	361	34	9.3	37	10.2	343	30	8.6	33	9.5	
Florida	8,827	551	6.2	667	7.6	8,155	524	6.4	644	7.9	
Georgia	4,422	180	4.1	223	5.0	4,173	194	4.6	271	6.5	
Hawaii	574	135	23.5	147	25.5	508	120	23.7	130	25.7	
Idaho	764	37	4.9	46	6.0	732	41	5.6	47	6.4	
Illinois		771	13.6	832	14.7	5,178	739	14.3	788	15.2	
Indiana		249	8.3	296	9.8	2,838	235	8.3	270	9.5	
lowa		97	6.3	122	7.9	1,401	93	6.6	128	9.1	
Kansas	1,280	112	8.7	130	10.1	1,282	114	8.9	144	11.2	
Kentucky		144	8.0	169	9.5	1,694	127	7.5	160	9.4	
Louisiana	- 1	94	5.3	108	6.1	1,682	99	5.9	113	6.7	
Maine		69	11.8	81	13.7	559	82	14.7	93	16.7	
Maryland		330	11.3	371	12.8	2,690	351	13.1	380	14.1	
Massachusetts		406	12.0	449	13.2	2,982	357	12.0	383	12.8	
Michigan		589	13.6	648	15.0	3,974	604	15.2	661	16.6	
Minnesota		364	13.7	381	14.3	2,515	398	15.8	427	17.0	
Mississippi		70	6.3	93	8.4	1,034	74	7.1	86	8.3	
Missouri	1 '	297	11.1	333	12.5	2,525	238	9.4	254	10.1	
Montana		46	10.5	52	12.0	419	50	12.0	54	13.0	
Nebraska		75	8.4	86	9.6	890	85	9.6	94	10.5	
Nevada		201	14.6	222	16.1	1,208	161	13.4	186	15.4	
New Hampshire		69	10.3	79	11.6	629	62	9.8	70	11.1	
New Jersey		642	15.7	712	17.4	3,719	600	16.1	660	17.8	
New Mexico	1 '	58	7.1	712	8.8	743	53	7.1	64	8.6	
New York	- 1	1,732	21.0	1,877	22.7	7,552	1,661	22.0	1,784	23.6	
North Carolina		1,732	21.0	1,677	3.4	4,128	1,001	3.1	1,764	3.9	
		21		27	7.5	338		6.2	25	7.4	
North Dakota			6.0				21				
Ohio	1	610	11.9	673	13.1	4,815	637	13.2	686	14.2	
Oklahoma		96	6.2	123	7.9	1,501	90	6.0 16.2	114	7.6	
Oregon		255	14.4	277	15.7	1,694	275	1 1	293	17.3	
Pennsylvania		676	12.0	740	13.1	5,307	717	13.5	775	14.6	
Rhode Island		83	17.4	90	19.0	455	81	17.8	87	19.1	
South Carolina		47	2.2	59	2.7	2,036	59	2.9	77	3.8	
South Dakota		22	5.6	26	6.7	385	17	4.3	21	5.5	
Tennessee	1 '	135	4.6	162	5.5	2,678	117	4.4	137	5.1	
Texas	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	497	4.0	642	5.2	11,607	563	4.9	693	6.0	
Utah		62	4.4	83	5.9	1,403	51	3.7	75	5.4	
Vermont		33	11.2	35	12.0	265	31	11.8	36	13.8	
Virginia		156	4.0	201	5.2	3,703	164	4.4	201	5.4	
Washington		638	18.8	684	20.2	3,201	557	17.4	596	18.6	
West Virginia		72	10.2	78	11.1	666	71	10.7	75	11.3	
Wisconsin	2,698	218	8.1	245	9.1	2,592	227	8.7	264	10.2	
Wyoming	243	18	7.3	21	8.7	240	18	7.6	22	9.3	

Footnotes

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Chart 2. Union membership rates by state, 2020 annual averages

